PLEASE KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE PLACE.

DETECTION TECHNOLOGY

Thermistor heat sensing element for accuracy, reliability and stability.

SUPERIOR FEATURES

- **B**attery operated.
- Operating light (LED). Flashes approximately every 45 seconds for up to 30 days when the battery needs replacing.
- **S**ensitivity **T**est **B**utton. Tests sensitivity, circuitry, battery and horn.
- Loud 85 Decibel Piezo Electric Alarm. Automatically resets when hazardous condition has passed.
- Easy installation. Fixings supplied

SPECIAL FEATURES

Alarm Pause – silence your heat alarm by momentarily pressing the test button. Ideal when non-emergency heat (eg from cooking) causes nuisance alarms. LED flashes every 10 seconds to remind you that the heat alarm has been silenced. A double beep indicates that the alarm has automatically reset after approximately 10 minutes. Interconnectable.

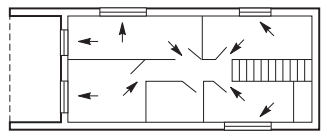
BE PREPARED

Smoke and heat alarms properly installed and maintained are an essential part of a good home safety programme. Review fire hazards and eliminate dangerous conditions whenever possible. When fire strikes, a prepared and practised escape plan could prove vital. Your local fire brigade may be willing to advise you. Call them and ask. Consider and discuss the following hints:

- Ensure everyone is familiarised with the alarm signal.
- Always test doors with your hands before flinging them open. If they feel warm, fire may have walled up behind them – leave closed and find another escape route. Avoid.
- Don't waste time collecting possessions. Arouse all occupants and leave the building. Your life is more valuable!

- **GET OUT, STAY OUT, GET THE FIRE BRIGADE OUT.**
- Keep everyone in a set meeting place after you escape.
- If trapped inside, stay close to the floor, cover your mouth with a cloth and conserve breath as you crawl to safety.
- Keep all windows and doors closed except for escape purposes.
- Prepare and practice an escape plan before a fire starts.

Draw a floor plan. Have fire drills often. Practise your escape.

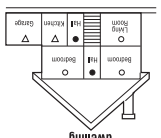


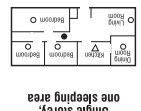
WHERE TO LOCATE

1. For best protection heat alarms should be installed as part of a complete fire protection system that also includes smoke alarms. Heat alarm are best suited to areas such where dust, fumes and moisture can cause nuisance alarms in smoke detectors. Heat alarms should not be installed in escape routes instead of smoke alarms. They should only be used in the above applications and where possible be interlinked to smoke alarms. (Smoke alarms should be installed in circulation areas forming part of escape routes and in every room in the home).
2. When heat alarms are installed in a room, they should be placed on the ceiling, ideally in the centre of the room. They should be at a distance no greater than 5.3m from the farthest wall no greater than 5.3m from a door to any room in which a fire might start and no greater than 5.3m from the next heat alarm. **NOTE: Heat alarms should not be wall mounted.**
3. Closed doors and other obstructions will interfere with the path of heat to an alarm and may prevent occupants from hearing an alarm on the other side of a closed door. Install sufficient alarms to compensate for closed doors and obstacles.

For further help and information on types and location of fire detection alarms refer to BS5839 pt 6 and the Fire Safety guidance given by the Department of Transport, Local Government and the Regions (DTLR).

CAUTION: Research indicates that substantial increases in warning time can be obtained with each properly installed additional alarm. It is strongly recommended that the advice in 1 above be followed to ensure maximum protection.





- Smoke alarms for limited protection
- ○ Additional smoke alarms for better coverage
- ▽ Heat alarms

IMPORTANT: These heat alarms are intended primarily for use in single occupancy private dwellings. For use in other applications the manufacturers advice should be sought.

LOCATIONS TO AVOID

DO NOT locate heat alarms:–

1. In turbulent air from fans, heaters, doors, windows, etc.
2. In high humidity areas such as bathrooms and shower rooms or where the temperature exceeds 39°C (100°F) or falls below 5°C (40°F)
3. At the peak of an 'A' frame ceiling – dead air at the top may prevent smoke and heat from reaching the alarm to provide an early warning.
4. Less than 300mm (12 inches) from a wall when mounted on the ceiling.
5. In very dusty or dirty areas – dirt and excessive dust can impair the performance of the alarm.
6. Within 300mm (12 inches) of a light fitting or room corners.
7. In locations that would make routine testing or maintenance hazardous. (e.g. over a stairwell).

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First Alert HA300CE/BRK DICON H380i

OWNERSMANUAL

HEAT ALARM - BATTERY OPERATED

COVERS: • Simple Fitting Instructions • Location Guide • Operating Guide • Basic FireSafety Tips • Simple Maintenance Instructions

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ AND RETAIN THIS OWNERS MANUAL. WHEN INSTALLING THIS ALARM FOR USE BY OTHERS, PLEASE LEAVE THIS MANUAL OR A COPY WITH THE END USER.